### COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 ZONE W-4 - PIONEER TOWN

**REPORT ON AUDIT** 

**JUNE 30, 2011** 

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District County Service Area
No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town (CSA), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the CSA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the CSA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirement for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

During the year under audit, the CSA adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

November 30, 2011

Logers Underson Majorly & Scott, LLP

## County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities		71		Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,458	\$ 121,693	\$ 161,151	
Accounts receivable, net		-	12,240	12,240	
Interest receivable		-	245	245	
Special assessments receivable		-	168	168	
Due from other governments		5,239	-	5,239	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		11,686	430,164	 441,850	
Total Assets		56,383	564,510	 620,893	
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments		-	586	586	
		_			
Total Liabilities		-	586	 586	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets		11,686	430,164	441,850	
Unrestricted		44,697	 133,760	 178,457	
Total Net Assets	\$	56,383	\$ 563,924	\$ 620,307	

## County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

PROGRAM EXPENSES		rnmental tivities		iness-type activities		Total
	Φ.		Ф	7.070	Φ	7.070
Professional fees	\$	-	\$	7,279	\$	7,279
Salaries and benefits		-		55,222		55,222
Services and supplies		-		23,895		23,895
Utilities		-		7,541		7,541
Depreciation		-		19,300		19,300
Total Program Expenses		-		113,237		113,237
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Charges for services		-		94,908		94,908
Contributions from other agencies		43,000		16,000		59,000
Total Program Revenues		43,000		110,908		153,908
Net Program Revenue (Expense)		43,000		(2,329)		40,671
GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Property taxes		-		319		319
Special assessments		-		10,033		10,033
Investment earnings		-		1,245		1,245
Penalties		-		778		778
Contributions from private sources		-		(59,000)		(59,000)
Other		13,383		753		14,136
Total General Revenues (Expenses)		13,383		(45,872)		(32,489)
Change in Net Assets		56,383		(48,201)		8,182
Net Assets - beginning				612,125		612,125
Net Assets - ending	\$	56,383	\$	563,924	\$	620,307

## County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2011

	PI	CAPITAL ROJECTS FUND General (CEA)
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	39,458 5,239
Total Assets	\$	44,697
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities	\$	
Fund Balance: Assigned		44,697
Total Fund Balance		44,697
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	44,697
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund  Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net assets (Exhibit "A") are different because:	\$	44,697
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		11,686
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	56,383

## County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	PRO F	APITAL OJECTS FUND seneral (CEA)
REVENUES Other revenue	\$	13,383
Total revenues		13,383
EXPENDITURES		
Capital outlay: Structures and improvement to structures		11,686
Total Expenditures		11,686
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,697
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		43,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		43,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		44,697
Fund Balance - beginning		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	44,697

# County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 44,697
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as deprecition expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$11,686) was exceeded by depreciation expense (\$-0-) in the current period.	11,686
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 56,383

## County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2011

	Business-type Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 121,693
Accounts receivable, net	12,240
Interest receivable	245
Special assessment receivable	168_
Total Current Assets	134,346_
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	23,290
Improvements to land	868,515
Construction in progress	311
Accumulated depreciation	(461,952)
Total Noncurrent Assets	430,164
Total Assets	564,510
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Due to other governments	586
Total Current Liabilities	586
T-0-112-1-995	500
Total Liabilities	586_
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	430,164
Unrestricted	133,760
Total Net Assets	\$ 563,924

## County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		iness-type activities
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ.	0.4.000
Service Fees	\$	94,900
Other services		04.009
Total Operating Revenues		94,908
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional services		7,279
Salaries and benefits		55,222
Services and supplies		23,895
Utilities		7,541
Depreciation		19,300
Total Operating Expenses		113,237
Operating Loss		(18,329)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings		1,245
Property taxes		<sup>,</sup> 319
Special assessments		10,033
Penalties		778
Contributions from other agencies		16,000
Contributions to other agencies		(59,000)
Other		753
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(29,872)
Change in Net Assets		(48,201)
Net Assets - beginning		612,125
Net Assets - ending	\$	563,924

### County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

CASH ELOWS EDOM ODEDATING ACTIVITIES	iness-type ctivities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from customers  Payments to suppliers  Payments to employees	\$ 95,157 (38,436) (55,222)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,499
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Property taxes	680
Special assessments Penalties	9,865 778
Contributions from other agencies	16,000
Contributions from private sources	(59,000)
Other nonoperating revenues	753
Net Cash Used for Noncapital Financing Activities	(30,924)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital asset	(311)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(311)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment earnings	1,444
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,444
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(28,292)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of the year	149,985
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of the year	\$ 121,693

### County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Business-type Activities	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(18,329)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		19,300
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in receivables, net		249
Increase in due to other governments		279
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,499

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Reporting entity

The County Service Area (CSA) No. 70, Zone W-4, was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on January 14, 1980 under Section 4700 of the State Health & Safety Code. The CSA is situated five miles northwest of Yucca Valley. The District provides water service to 120 properties and maintains six wells and reservoir storage of 310,000 gallons.

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the action of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area No. 70 Zone W-4 - Pioneer Town of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The CSA's financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **Deposits and investments**

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

### Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

No allowance for uncollectibles was recorded at June 30, 2011 based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the property tax roll.

### **Property taxes**

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

### **Inventories and prepaid items**

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Structures and improvements	5 - 40
Equipment and vehicles	4 - 15

### **Fund equity**

Beginning with the current fiscal year, the CSA implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not
  in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
  Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be
  converted into cash or a spendable form.
- Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Committed Fund Balance: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be
  used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will
  be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the
  authority, i.e. the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office
  will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects through the use of the
  respective department's general fund savings. Such projects would not normally be
  feasible for the department without reserving funding over a multiple year period.
- Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often
  has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four
  categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund
  balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned
  equals unassigned fund balance. This amount is available for any purpose and will
  be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund Mandatory
  Contingencies or the General Fund Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for
  a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the County's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### **Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Stewardship, compliance and accountability

### A. Budgetary information

Although the CSA prepares and adopts an annual budget, budgetary comparison information is not presented because the CSA does not have any required budgetary comparison information for the general fund and each major special revenue fund.

### NOTE 2: CASH AND DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents includes the cash balance of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the CSA's account based upon the CSA's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2011.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

### NOTE 3: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2011, the accounts receivable were composed of the following:

	Enterprise Fund		
Accounts receivable	\$	12,240	
Less: allowance for uncollectibles			
Total accounts receivable, net	\$	12,240	

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Addition		dditions	Deletions		Ending Balance			
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Construction in progress	\$		\$	11 696	\$		\$	11 606	
Total capital assets, not	Ψ		Ψ	11,686	Ψ		Ψ	11,686	
being depreciated				11,686		-		11,686	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Structures and improvements									
Total capital assets, being depreciated Governmental activities capital assets								-	
	\$		\$	11,686	\$		\$	11,686	
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets, not being Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	23,290	\$	- 311_	\$	- -	\$	23,290 311	
		23,290		311				23,601	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Improvements to land Total capital assets, being depreciated		868,515				-		868,515	
		868,515						868,515	
Less accumulated									
depreciation for: Improvements to land Total accumulated depreciation		(442,652)		(19,300)				(461,952)	
		(442,652)		(19,300)				(461,952)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		425,863		(19,300)				406,563	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	449,153	\$	(18,989)	\$	-	\$	430,164	

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN

### Plan description

The San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) operating under the California County Employees' Retirement Act of 1937 (1937 Act). It provides retirement, death and disability benefits to members. Although legally established as a single employer plan, the City of Big Bear Lake, California State Association of Counties, South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD), San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG), Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), San Bernardino County Law Library, Barstow Fire Protection District, Hesperia Recreation and Park District, SBCERA, City of Chino Hills, Crest Forest Fire Protection District, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD), California Electronic Recording Transaction Network Authority (CERTNA), Inland Valley Development Agency (IVDA), San Bernardino International Airport Authority (SBIAA), the San Bernardino County Superior Court, Inland Library System (ILS), Rim of the World Recreation and Park District (RIM-REC) and Crestline Sanitation District were later included, along with the County, and are collectively referred to as the "Participating Members." The Plan is governed by the SBCERA Board of Retirement under the 1937 Act. Employees become eligible for membership on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after 5 years of service credit. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W Hospitality Lane - 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

### Fiduciary responsibility

SBCERA is controlled by its own board, the Retirement Board, which acts as a fiduciary agent for the accounting and control of member and employee contributions and investment income. SBCERA publishes its own Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and receives a separate independent audit. SBCERA is also a legally separate entity from the County and not a component unit. For these reasons, the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report excludes SBCERA pension trust fund as of June 30, 2011.

### **Funding policy**

Participating members are required by statute (Sections 31621.6 and 31639.25 of the California Government Code) to contribute a percentage of covered salary based on certain actuarial assumptions and their age at entry to the Plan. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (general or safety). General members are required to contribute 7.42% - 12.96% and safety members 9.54% - 15.32% of their annual covered salaries, of which the County pays approximately 7%. County of San Bernardino employer contribution rates are as follows: County General 12.32%, County Safety 26.82%. All employers combined are required to contribute 15.4% of the current year covered payroll. For 2011, the County's annual pension cost of \$213,311,000 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of the 1937 Act. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Sections 31453 and 31454 of the 1937 Act.

### NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid asset, computed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, for the year ended June 30, 2011, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 213,311
Interest on Pension Assets	(2,331)
Adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution	24,585
Annual Pension Cost	235,565
Annual Contributions Made	213,311
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Assets	(22,254)
Pension Assets, Beginning of Year	741,388
Pension Assets, End of Year	\$ 719,134

The following table shows the County's required contributions and percentage contributed for the current year and two preceding years:

### Annual Contributions Made (in thousands)

	(III triousarius)					
Year Ended					Percentage	
June 30,	SBCERA		County		Contributed	
_		_		_		
2009	\$	246,232	\$	200,300	100%	
2010		243,773		197,097	100%	
2011		258,128		213,311	100%	
	June 30, 2009 2010	June 30, S 2009 \$ 2010	Year Ended June 30, SBCERA  2009 \$ 246,232 2010 243,773	Year Ended June 30, SBCERA  2009 \$ 246,232 \$ 2010 243,773	Year Ended June 30,         SBCERA         County           2009         \$ 246,232         \$ 200,300           2010         243,773         197,097	

The County, along with the SCAQMD, issued Pension Refunding Bonds (the Bonds) in November 1995 with an aggregate amount of \$420,527,000. These Bonds were issued to allow the County and the SCAQMD to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees. The Bonds are the obligations of the employers participating in the Plan and the assets of the Plan do not secure the Bonds. The County's portion of the bond issuance was \$386,266,000. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2011 is \$414,041,000.

On June 24, 2004, the County issued its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds) in respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070,000, \$149,825,000, and \$125,000,000. The Bonds were issued to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the SBCERA. In April 2008, the County refunded all of the 2004 Series B. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2011 is \$285,270,000.

### NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

In April 2008, the County of San Bernardino issued its \$160,900,000 in Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (POB), Series 2008 (the Series 2008 Bonds). The outstanding liability at June 30, 2011 is \$157,735,000.

### NOTE 6: FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

From time to time, the CSA may receive funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the CSA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$2.5 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$100 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by AON Risk Services, Broker of Record, as follows: Primary Liability coverage of \$25 million excess of \$2.5 million SIR with CV Starr/Everest; Excess Liability coverage of \$10 million, excess of \$25 million with Allied World Assurance Company (AWAC); and Excess Liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$35 million with Great American Insurance Company of New York. In addition, Ironshore Specialty Ins. Co. provides excess liability coverage of \$10 million, excess of \$50 million; Allied World National Ins. Co. provides \$15 million, excess of \$60 million; and Arch Insurance Co. provides \$25 million in excess of \$75 million. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$5 million per occurrence, and covered by Arch Ins. Co. for up to \$3 million for employer's liability, and up to statutory limits for workers' compensation per occurrence. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured with several insurers like Lexington Ins. Co., Affiliated FM, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$10 million policy with Illinois Union Ins. Co., which provides annual coverage on a per claim basis with an SIR of \$2 million for each claim. Additional coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$10 million is provided by Steadfast Ins. Co. All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with National Union Fire Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

### NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in Risk Management except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The IBNR (Incurred But Not Reported) and IBNS (Incurred But Not Settled) liabilities stated on Risk Management's balance sheet are based upon the results of actuarial studies, and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 1.17%. It is Risk Management's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The total claims liability of \$151 million reported at June 30, 2011 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal years 2010 and 2011 were:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability (in thousands)	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates (in thousands)	Claims Payments (in thousands)	End of Fiscal Year Liability (in thousands)	
2009-10	\$ 149,941	\$ 40,453	\$ (45,000)	\$ 145,394	
2010-11	\$ 145,394	\$ 48,900	\$ (43,343)	\$ 150,951	

### NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2011, in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.

### NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 30, 2011, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the CSA.